CATTARAUGUS COUNTY ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY AND GROWTH CORPORATION

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

DECEMBER 31, 2022

CATTARAUGUS COUNTY ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY AND GROWTH CORPORATION

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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors of Cattaraugus County Economic Sustainability and Growth Corporation

Opinion

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of *Cattaraugus County Economic Sustainability* and *Growth Corporation [CCESGC]*, a nonprofit organization and component unit of Cattaraugus County, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses, and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of *CCESGC* as of December 31, 2022, and the changes in net assets and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinion

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of the *CCESGC* and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about *CCESGC's* ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

• Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
 include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
 statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of CCESGC's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that
 raise substantial doubt about the CCESGC's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable
 period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control related matters that we identified during the audit.

Report on Summarized Comparative Information

We have previously audited *CCESGC's* 2021 financial statements, and we expressed an unmodified audit opinion on those audited financial statements in our report dated March 9, 2022. In our opinion, the summarized comparative information presented herein as of and for the year ended December 31, 2021, is consistent, in all material respects, with the audited financial statements from which it has been derived.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2023 on our consideration of *CCESGC's* internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of *CCESGC's* internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering *CCESGC's* internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Other Reporting Required by New York State Public Authorities Law

In accordance with New York State Public Authorities Law, we have also issued our report dated March 8, 2023 on our consideration of *CCESGC's* compliance with §2925(3)(f) of the New York State Public Authorities Law. The purpose of that report is to describe anything that came to our attention that caused us to believe *CCESGC* failed to comply with the Organization's Investment Guidelines, the New York State Comptroller's Investment Guidelines, and §2925(3)(f) of the New York State Public Authorities Law.

Bysich CPA, PLLC
BYSIEK CPA, PLLC
MARCH 8, 2023
OLEAN, NY 14760

STATEMENTS OF FINANCIAL POSITION

As of December 31,	2022		2021	
Assets				
Current assets				
Cash	\$	272,504	\$	250,527
Notes receivable, current portion		56,930		55,549
Total current assets		329,434		306,076
Other assets				
Notes receivable, long-term portion		327,234		354,030
Total assets	\$	656,668	\$	660,106
Liabilities and Net Assets Current liabilities				
Accounts payable	\$	-	\$	4,250
Net assets				
Without donor restrictions		656,668		655,856
Total liabilities and net assets	\$	656,668	\$	660,106

For the Year Ended December 31,	 2022	
Revenue		
Interest income	\$ 5,812 \$	10,968
Total revenue	 5,812	10,968
Expenses		
Program services	2,500	2,125
Management and general	2,500	2,125
Total expenses	 5,000	4,250
Change in net assets	 812	6,718
Net assets, beginning of year	 655,856	649,138
Net assets, end of year	\$ 656,668 \$	655,856

CATTARAUGUS COUNTY ECONOMIC SUSTAINABILITY AND GROWTH CORPORATION

STATEMENTS OF FUNCTIONAL EXPENSES

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For the year	r ended i	Decemi	ber 3	11,
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Professional fees Total expenses

			2022		2021
Pr	ogram	Mar	nagement		_
Se	ervices	and	d General	Total	Total
\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,250
\$	2,500	\$	2,500	\$ 5,000	\$ 4,250

For the Year Ended December 31,		2022	2021
Cash flows from operating activities		2022	2021
Interest receipts	\$	5,812 \$	10,968
Payments for operating expenses	Ψ	(9,250)	10,900
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities		(3,438)	10,968
		,	<u> </u>
Cash flows from investing activities			
Collections on notes receivable		25,415	54,203
Net cash provided by investing activities		25,415	54,203
Net change in cash		21,977	65,171
Cash, beginning of year		250,527	185,356
Cash at end of year	\$	272,504 \$	250,527

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES

A. Organization and Nature of Activities

Cattaraugus County Economic Sustainability and Growth Corporation (CCESGC) is a non-profit corporation formed in April of 2015 by the Cattaraugus County Board of Legislators under Section 402 of the New York Not-For-Profit Corporation Law to promote economic growth in Cattaraugus County through the attraction of new business and industry and the retention of existing businesses by providing resources that enable development and advance the well-being of the communities. CCESGC received tax-exempt status under 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code on May 13, 2019.

B. Basis of Accounting

The financial statements have been prepared on the accrual basis of accounting, recognizing revenues when earned and expenses when incurred.

C. Basis of Presentation

Financial statement presentation follows the recommendations of the Financial Accounting Standards Board in its Statement of Financial Accounting Standards Codification Topic 958, Financial Statements of Not-for-Profit Organizations. Under Topic 958, the Organization is required to report information regarding its financial position and activities according to two classes of net assets:

1) Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions

 Net assets that are not subject to any donor-imposed time or purpose restrictions and may be expended for any purpose in performing the primary objectives of the organization. These net assets may be used at the discretion of the Organization's management and the board of directors.

2) Net Assets With Donor Restrictions

• Net assets subject to stipulations imposed by donors and grantors. Some donor restrictions are temporary in nature; those restrictions will be met by actions of the Organization or by the passage of time. Other donor restrictions are perpetual in nature, whereby the donor has stipulated the funds be maintained in perpetuity. Donor restricted contributions are reported as increases in net assets with donor restrictions. When a restriction expires, net assets are reclassified from net assets with donor restrictions to net assets without donor restrictions in the accompanying financial statements.

D. Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles sometimes requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect certain reported amounts and disclosures. Accordingly, actual results could differ from those estimates.

E. Cash

For purposes of reporting cash flows, the Organization considers all highly liquid debt instruments purchased with a maturity of three months or less to be cash equivalents.

F. Investments

In accordance with §2925(6) of the Public Authorities Law for New York State, Public Authorities, the Organization reported no investments as of December 31, 2022 or 2021. Investment policies are reviewed annually.

G. Concentrations of Credit Risk

The Organization maintains its accounts at a single financial institution. The Organization's cash balances at times exceeded Federal Deposit Insurance Corporation (FDIC) insurance limits during the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021.

NOTE 1: SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLES (CONTINUED)

H. Revenue Recognition

CCESGC's grant awards constitute non-exchange transactions, requiring application of the contribution accounting model, according to the provisions of ASU 2018-08. There are no conditions that contain a barrier; as such, grant revenues are recognized as unconditional contributions (although still labeled as grants in the financial statements). Additionally, the Corporation's grants are not restricted by time or purpose (as defined by ASC 958-605-45-4) and have been recorded increases in net assets without donor restrictions.

I. Functional Expenses

Expenses are summarized and categorized based on their functional classification as either program or supporting services. Expenses that are readily identifiable to a specific program or supporting service are charged directly to that service. Expenses attributable to more than one program or supporting service are allocated on a reasonable basis that is consistently applied. Allocated expenses include depreciation and occupancy expenses, which are allocated based on estimated usage, square footage, or employment related expenses, which when not directly related to a program, are allocated based on estimates of time and effort.

J. Advertising

Advertising costs are expensed as incurred.

K. Contingencies

The Organization has received grants which are subject to audit by agencies of the state. Such audits may result in disallowances and a request for a return of funds. Based on no known significant areas of non-compliance, the Organization believes disallowances, if any, will not be material.

L. Income Taxes

The Organization is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)3 of the United States Internal Revenue Code. Therefore, no provision for income taxes is reflected in the financial statements. The Organization is also exempt from New York State income tax under Article 7(a) of the New York State Executive Law. Tax returns remaining open for examination by governing authorities include those for previous three years.

M. Subsequent Events

The Organization has evaluated events and transactions as of the date of this report.

NOTE 2: RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

CCLBC is a component unit of the County of Cattaraugus, but the Organization is legally separate from the County. The activity of the Organization is included in the combined financial statements of the County.

NOTE 3: LIQUIDITY MANAGEMENT

CCESGC regularly reviews its financial position and operations, including the liquidity required to meet general expenditures, liabilities, and obligations that may come due. The Organization has financial assets available for meeting planned expenditures in the next fiscal year, including cash and equivalents totaling approximately \$273,000 and \$251,000 as of December 31, 2022 and 2021, respectively.

NOTE 4: NOTES RECEIVABLE

CCESGC has two notes receivable from local companies. During 2022, one of the two companies did not make any payments on its balance due. Management believes the note is still fully collectible as the company resumed making payments subsequent to year-end.

Loan	Amount Financed	2022	2021	
		Balance due		
3% note, receivable in 60 monthly installments of \$2,602 including principal and interest plus one balloon payment at the end of the loan term. Payments commencing February 2019; final payment is due April 2024. 2% note, receivable in 100 monthly installments of \$2,829, including principal	\$ 269,500	\$ 179,919	\$ 205,334	
and interest. Payments commencing July 2019; final payment is due April 2028.	260,345	204,245	204,245	
Notes receivable, total		384,164	409,579	
Less: current portion		(56,930)	(55,549)	
Notes receivable, long-term		\$ 327,234	\$ 354,030	



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors

Cattaraugus County Economic Sustainability and Growth Corporation (CCESGC)

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of *CCESGC*, a nonprofit organization and component unit of Cattaraugus County, which comprise the statement of financial position as of December 31, 2022, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the year then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated March 8, 2023.

Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered **CCESGC's** internal control over financial reporting (internal control) to determine the audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of **CCESGC's** internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of the Organization's internal control.

A deficiency in internal control exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements on a timely basis. A material weakness is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented or detected and corrected on a timely basis. A significant deficiency is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over financial reporting that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses may exist that may have not been identified.

Compliance and Other Matters

As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether *CCESGC's* financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the determination of financial statement amounts. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of this Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the organization's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the organization's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

BYSIEK CPA, PLLC MARCH 8, 2023

Bysiek CPA, PLLC

OLEAN, NY 14760



INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE WITH §2925 (3)(f) OF THE NEW YORK STATE PUBLIC AUTHORITIES LAW

To the Board of Directors of Cattaraugus County Economic Sustainability and Growth Corporation (CCESGC)

We have audited, in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of *CCESGC*, a nonprofit organization and a component unit of the County of Cattaraugus, as of and for the years ended December 31, 2022 and 2021, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the Organization's financial statements, and have issued our opinion thereon March 8, 2023.

In connection with our audit, nothing came to our attention that caused us to believe *CCESGC* failed to comply with the Organization's Investment Guidelines, the New York State Comptroller's Investment Guidelines, or §2925 of the New York State Public Authorities Law (collectively, Investment Guidelines), which is the responsibility of the Organization's management, insofar as they relate to the financial accounting knowledge of noncompliance with such Investment Guidelines.

This communication is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors and management of *CCESGC* and the Office of the Comptroller of the State of New York and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

BYSIEK CPA, PLLC MARCH 8, 2023 OLEAN, NY 14760

Bysiek CPA, PLLC

Section I - Summary of Audit Results

- 1. The auditor's report expresses an unmodified opinion on the financial statements of Cattaraugus County Economic Sustainability and Growth Corporation.
- 2. No material weaknesses in internal controls related to the audit of the financial statements were identified in the Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting.
- 3. There were no significant deficiencies in internal control reported in relation to the audit of the financial statements in the Report on Internal Controls over Financial Reporting.
- 4. No instances of noncompliance material to the financial statements of Cattaraugus County Economic Sustainability and Growth Corporation were disclosed during the audit as reported in the Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting and on Compliance and Other Matters Based on an Audit of Financial Statements Performed in Accordance with Governmental Auditing Standards.

Section II - Audit Findings

A. Internal Control Over Financing Reporting

There were no findings related to internal control over financial reporting for the year ending December 31, 2022.

B. Compliance and Other Matters

There were no compliance findings noted for the year ending December 31, 2022.

Section III - Summary Schedule of Prior Audit Findings

A. Internal Control Over Financing Reporting

There were no findings related to internal control over financial reporting for the year ending December 31, 2021.

B. Compliance and Other Matters

There were no compliance findings noted for the year ending December 31, 2021.